

# The Crittenden Press

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## THE CAPITOL.

Louisville is Campaigning for the State House.

A SUMMARY OF HER CLAIMS.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 25.—A rousing meeting was held to-night at Liederkranz Hall for the purpose of expressing the city's feelings on the question of the location of the State Capitol, and to put forth the arguments in favor of Louisville. Speeches were made by various prominent gentlemen, and, according to estimate, 11, Young's state, which was fully endorsed by the gathering, this gathering would the question in about fifteen minutes by moving the capital to this city.

The committee on resolutions reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted: "Whereas, The Constitutional Convention seems wisely resolved that the location of the Capitol of the State should now be finally fixed, and that a suitable State-house, costing no less than two million dollars and not more than two and a half millions, should be at once built; and, whereas, a Committee on the Capital has been appointed by the convention to consider and report on this subject, and the committee have announced that they would be glad to hear from any city willing or eager to be selected as the site for the future Capitol, be it

Resolved, That we earnestly desire and respectfully request that the honor be granted to Louisville not simply for her own good, but also for the advantage of the State. We have nothing but kindly feelings for Frankfort and Lexington, and the other cities and towns who desire the same honor, but we believe that, for all parts of the State, Louisville would be the most convenient and suitable site for the Capitol. Be it also

Resolved, That the chairman of this meeting be requested to appoint a committee of not less than twenty-five and not more than fifty persons, who shall prepare, publish and distribute a pamphlet, in which the reasons why the State's commonwealth would be benefited by making Louisville the capital, and that said committee be authorized to adopt all suitable ways and means to promote and accomplish our object. We take a just pride in the welfare and glory of our State and we wish to be more closely linked to every part of it. We are interested in the development of every city, town, and county within our borders and shall ever be glad to advance the common good, shirking none of our burdens and wishing for nothing more than the good will and the prosperity of all our fellow countrymen within the confines of Kentucky."

The commercial clubs prepared paper, setting forth a length the reasons why the capital should be moved to Louisville. These reasons summed up, in short, are as follows: It is the largest city in the State. Now and for the future Louisville is the best location. It is the most accessible, and is near the center of the State. The cost of constructing the buildings would be less at Louisville than at any other point.

The hotel accommodations are ample sufficient, and cheap. Healthfulness. The death rate is lower than any other city of equal size.

One of the greatest causes of delay in legislative bodies, with its consequent burden to the taxpayer, is the absence of members from the capitol. This trouble is always greatly increased where the capitol is located in a small town. This difficulty would be reduced to a minimum if the capitol were located at Louisville.

The people of the State should be in closer contact with the legislators and other public officers; Louisville is the best location for this advantage.

Here legislation would be conducted more publicly and fuller reports would be given through the public press to the people of the State at large.

Publicity is the highest protection against improper legislation. The establishment of the capitol at Louisville will undoubtedly result in creating much closer relations between the whole State of Kentucky and its chief city. This will operate to the benefit of both.

Distillery Burned. Paris, Ky., Jan. 21.—The distillery owned by the Bourbon County Distilling Company, and located at Radcliffe's Mill, burned at 3 o'clock this morning. The loss is about \$20,000, and the cause of the fire is supposed to have been caused by incendiaries.

## GRINDING AWAY.

The Constitutional Convention Still Moves Slowly.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 24.—The last two days have been devoted principally to Municipal Matters, including tax rates. Among the important portions adopted were these:

The cities and towns of the State are divided into six classes; the organization and powers of each class to be defined and prescribed for by general laws. Cities of the first class shall be those of 100,000 population or over; of the second class, those with a population of 30,000 or more, and less than 100,000; of the third class, those with a population of 8,000 or more, and less than 30,000; of the fourth, those having 3,000 and up to 8,000; of the fifth, those less than 3,000 and more than 1,000; of the sixth, towns of 1,000 inhabitants and less.

An inhibition is placed upon municipalities, which prevents those of the first and second class and those of the third class of 20,000 and over from levying taxes at greater rate than \$1.50 on the \$100; those of the remainder class can not exceed \$1 on the hundred; and counties are limited to fifty cents on the hundred.

No county, city or town is allowed to become indebted in any manner to an amount exceeding, in any year, the income and revenue provided for such year, without the assent of two-thirds of the voters of the county, city or town, etc.

The power of cities, counties, towns and taxing districts to incur indebtedness is limited. Cities of the first, second and third classes, to 10 per cent. of the assessed valuation; of the fourth, to 5 per cent. of the fifth and sixth to 3 per cent. Counties are limited to 2 per cent.

GRAND BATTLE FOR EIGHT HOURS.

Nearly 150,000 Miners to Begin the Contest May 1.

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 22.—The miners of the United States have just completed plans for the greatest fight in American history. The conflict between the miners and mine-owners will take place on the 1st of May. The entire national organization of miners, comprising 150,000 will be directly involved in a demand for the eight-hour day. At the convention of the American Federation of Labor, held in Detroit some weeks ago, it was decided to back the miners to eight hours next May. The utterances of the officers of United Mine Workers on the subject leave no doubt that the miners will make the fight.

An immense strike fund is being made ready for the miners, and when the latter go out they will have at their back for immediate use nearly \$1,000,000. This fund will be swelled from time to time at the rate of \$50,000 a week. W. J. Dillon, secretary of the American Glass-workers Union, United States organizer for the American Federation of Labor, to-day gave the following interview on the coming fight:

"In the aggregate we figure on about 150,000 miners in the United States. Almost 75,000 of these are active members of the United Mine Workers. The remainder are members of the organization when it comes to a struggle. These are the men who will strike for eight hours next May unless something unforeseen should occur. The Federation numbers about 600,000 men, and 500,000 men can be counted upon. For six weeks before May 1 strike contributions will be levied on the members at the rate of 10 cents a week. This will make \$300,000 for the six weeks. The formal ratification of the matter will take place at next month's convention of the United Mine Workers to be held in Columbus, O. The latter organization has a strike fund of its own amounting to several hundred thousand dollars. Besides this, it will raise a special fund before the fight, so that \$1,000,000 will be ready by May 1 on which to conduct the contemplated conflict."

The Gun Was Loaded. Murray, Ky., Jan. 21.—Charles Cross, a well-known young farmer of Golden Pond, Trigg county, was shot in the month yesterday morning. He took down an old rifle from its accustomed place over the door, and, pushing the hammer back with one foot, he started to blow in the muzzle to ascertain if it was loaded. As his mouth neared the gun his foot slipped off, the hammer fell and the gun was discharged, the ball entering his right jaw and lodging in the rear of his head. He is in a critical condition, and the probability is that he will die.

## KANSAS HEARD FROM.

The Force Bill Denounced. Free Coinage Wanted.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 21.—The most exciting discussion of the session took place to-day in the House upon a resolution introduced by Dr. Neely, of Leavenworth, the leader of the Democrats, denouncing the Force bill, and urging the Kansas delegation to use all means to defeat it. The resolution was as follows:

Whereas, The peaceful revolution of last November expressed a demand of the electors and their representatives in Congress that they shall in the future legislate in the interest of the masses as against a class, 25,000 of whom have appropriated one-half of the wealth of the country therefore.

Resolved, That we request our senators and representatives in Congress to exercise their influence to accomplish the defeat of the so-called "Force bill," a measure calculated to foment sectional strife and disturb that peace and tranquility which is absolutely necessary to encourage the development of the exhaustless resources and correlative greatness of the West and South. We condemn the enactment of any law that is calculated to continue in force the unequal and unjust economic legislation which disgraces the statutes of the government. The New York Tribune, a leading authority on protection, legislation boldly proclaims that there are a dozen McKinley bills in the said force bill, and whereas one such bill has brought us face to face with commercial ruin, we hereby demand its repeal and the enactment of equal and just legislation having due regard for the necessities of all of the people and a proper respect for the great agricultural interests of the West. Be it

Resolved, We call upon the Congress of this nation for the enactment of laws authorizing the free and unlimited coinage of silver and the discharge of the volume of currency issued by the government sufficient to properly accommodate the already great and growing necessities of the people.

A DEAD DISEASE.

The Meningitis Pays Have at Clayton's Ridge.

At Clayton's Ridge, five miles southwest of Ilwaco in Hopkins county that devastation type cerebrospinal meningitis which afflicted portions of Webster county which is so much virulence has fallen with a heavy hand. This disease is spreading at a rapid rate and almost invariably means death in a short time. It is horrible to behold the sufferers. They are attacked suddenly. Their heads are generally thrown back and the eyes almost bulge from their sockets. Appealing piteously in their contortions they only find their relief in death which generally comes in a day or two.

Five new cases were developed Saturday night and Sunday. Mrs. John Clayton and her child are already among the dead. Another child was dying yesterday. Those visited with the disease should they recover are almost sure to be blind or maimed. Many are preparing to move from the locality in dread that it will soon be deserted as a plague stricken district.

AT SENIERS.

Four cases have been developed at Seniors: a 10-year-old son of W. J. Melton, a 15-year-old son of Not Melton, a 11-year-old son of Frank Dwyler and another boy. Young Dwyler was taken Saturday evening and died Sunday morning. Another died yesterday morning who was taken Friday.—Henderson Journal.

They Boyd, of Paducah, is in trouble again. His old weaknesses have cropped out, and he's said to have left his home for St. Louis on a tear and under a cloud. Before leaving, while drunk, he was badly beaten in a drunken row, and it is claimed that he has gone to the dogs generally. He is one of the brightest lawyers in the Purchase, and notwithstanding his bad record in the past he was fast building up a lucrative practice at Paducah, but it seems as the Standard says "he will not redeem himself." He has many admirers for his own sake and his distinguished father's, and much regret is expected on all hands that he hasn't the stuff to make a man.—Clinton Democrat.

The Pension Office issued during the first fifteen days of the present month 10,887 pension certificates, the largest number ever issued during a similar period. The greater portion of these were issued under the Dependent pension act.

## CASE OF THE SAYWARD.

A View of the Troublesome Behring's Sea Controversy.

(From the New York Herald.)

The Governments at Washington and London are not quite free and independent in dealing with the Behring's Sea controversy. England is much under the thumb of the Privy Council of Canada, and the United States are subject to a pull by the powerful company holding a lease of the Pribyloff Islands. There is no dispute concerning jurisdiction in Behring's Sea, excepting in regard to seal fishing.

When London gives indications of yielding for the sake of international peace and justice, Canada insists, and when Washington is for a fair adjustment the new lessees of these islands protest. Up to 1885-6 there was no collision between Canada and the Alaska Commercial Company. It may be that up to that date Canada sealers did not enter Behring's Sea, and it may be that before 1885 the Alaska Commercial Company could not get Treasury revenue cutters to make seizures in waters not adjacent to our coast of islands.

The sudden way in which seizures began in 1885, the ignorance of what had been done by our revenue cutters and by our Federal Court of Alaska; the lapse of eight months before our Department of State could get from Sitka a copy of the judicial proceedings in the cases of the Carolina, Onward and Thornton; the order by President Cleveland commanding "the discontinuance of all proceedings, the discharge of the vessels and the release of all persons under arrest," and then the beginning during the next August of similar seizures on similar facts and theories of law—all indicate that what was done in seizing, releasing again was not in the control of one mind at Washington.

Certainly the President's order of release in February, 1887, was calculated to encourage Canada and American sealers to begin again that season. There were no seizures at all in 1888. If the laws of Congress were properly enforced, requiring the Treasury to seize every marauder, such intimation in seizing is very confusing for plain sort of people. It makes the country apprehensive that the seizing is, and has been, quite much under the real control of the lessees of our Pribyloff Islands as in pending negotiations. London is, and has been, under the control of the Canadian Privy Council.

The Sayward was one of the batch of seizures made in 1887, only six months after the President released the Carolina, Onward and Thornton. She was seized more than 60 miles from land, having on board 450 sealers, 64 of which were taken in Behring's Sea. The skins were delivered to the Federal Marshal at Ounalaska and the vessel towed to Sitka. The master and the mate were indicted, arrested and gave bonds to appear for trial. In October of 1887 the British Minister protested at Washington. In May of the next year, a decree having been entered that the Sayward be condemned as forfeited, and her owner having perfected an appeal from the decree in admiralty to the Supreme Court, she was appraised and delivered to the owner on a bond (for the appraised value) to prosecute the appeal and obey the final judgment.

Early in the next September the Foreign Office at London asked its minister at Washington to report "when the appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States in the case of the W. P. Sayward is likely to come on." He replied that the case "has not yet been docketed" at Washington. Canada then pushed Lord Salisbury to act more vigorously in that case. In April, 1889 Colonial Office at London again pressed the Foreign Office about the Sayward. Lord Salisbury wrote to Washington, and the minister replied on April 29, 1889, that the appeal had been filed, but the case would not for three years be reached for argument.

In August, 1889, the Foreign Office at London wrote to Canada that the Behring's Sea cases would be in a stronger position in a diplomatic way, in the appeals to the Supreme Court were pushed on, and added that "it is very unusual for private wrong so long as there is a reasonable chance of obtaining it from the tribunals of the country."

Lord Salisbury suggested to Canada a test case for our Supreme Court. Up to that time Lord Salisbury had only protested and had not demanded indemnity. In September, 1889, the Canadian Privy Council reported to London a doubt whether an appeal would lie in the

## NEWS NOTES.

Joseph King, a young lawyer at St. Paul, has been driven insane by his losses at poker.

The Wisconsin Democrats nominated and will elect Gen. W. F. Vilas to the United States Senate.

The Arkansas legislature refuses to take action in the World's Fair until the fate of the Force Bill is settled.

At Buffalo, N. Y., two firemen perished in the flames they were fighting.

The troops are leaving the scene of the late Indian war.

her children by poison, has been adjudged insane and sent to the asylum from Meade county, Ky.

The old soldiers have petitioned the Kansas legislature not to defeat Senator Lugalis.

Bob Ford, the slayer of Jesse James, figured in a duel at Wolsenburg, Col., last week. He was slightly wounded.

Near Baton Rouge, Ky., Epp Moore committed suicide by blowing his brains out. He had killed two men, and, it is supposed, the remorse caused his suicide.

The German Reichstag is debating a motion to remove prohibition from American pork.

The Illinois legislature refused to table a motion calling upon the Congressmen of that State to vote against the Force bill.

Crown Prince Baudoin, heir to the throne of Belgium, is dead.

In Congress, the Committee on Levees and Improvements submitted a report to the House, recommending an appropriation of \$10,000,000 for the construction of levees from Cairo to the head of the passes on the Mississippi.

Forty miners were killed and thirty severely wounded by an explosion at Gelsenkirchen, Germany.

Fish an inch long are alleged to have fallen in a snow storm on the streets of Nashville, Saturday.

Chilian insurgents are said to be increasing in strength and boldness.

Wile Howard, one of Kentucky's noted orators, is serving a term in the California penitentiary.

The lower branch of the Tennessee legislature has passed a resolution, calling upon the State's members of Congress to support a Constitutional Amendment providing for the election of United States Senators by a vote of the people.

George Harris, of Newburg, Ill., undertook to starve himself to death and has about completed the job.

An avalanche of snow fell in the city of Quebec and demolished several houses.

The first spadeful of earth taken out for the World's Fair was dug on the lake front Tuesday.

Banker Brehman, of Litchfield, Minn., blew out his brains because he had only \$10,000 with which to pay liabilities amounting to \$190,000.

The Ohio Farmers Alliance is opposed of the third party movement.

The deficit in the Arkansas State Treasury is said to be \$80,000.

The county round about Grafton, G. V., was lighted up for 29 miles by someone touching a match to a sea of oil resulting from a broken pipe.

A Congress of representatives Texas, Arizona, New Mexico, Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, the two Dakotas, Iowa, Wyoming, Utah and Montana is to be held at Galveston next month to unify the people of these States and Territories to secure needed national legislation.

Over 100 miners were killed in an explosion near Charkow Russia.

Caldwell county will build a work house in connection with the new jail. If such institution can be made to pay its way, the building of them in many counties would prove to be a useful factor in the arrangement of county affairs. There is a class of individuals in every county, who care nothing for the sting of disgrace of going to jail to pay small fines; they and this a convenient and comfortable way to pay fines, and do not grumble; the county feed and care for them while in prison at an expense to the better classes of society. Attach a workhouse, where the miscreants can be made to labor at an advantage, and they will feel less like squaring accounts that way. The question is one upon which there could be some profitable study.

It is estimated that 50,000 people were thrown out of work by the cold weather in France.

Byrnard.

## TAKE NOTICE. IN THE FIELD AGAIN.

I have opened a New Stock of goods in first room east of the Bank, where I will at all times keep a First Class stock of all kinds of

## CONFECTIONERIES,

and in connection will run a FIRST-CLASS

## BAKERY & RESTAURANT,

Where I will at all times try to have something on hand to eat to please the taste of the most fastidious. FRESH OYSTERS served in any style. Everything

## NEW, NICE AND CLEAN.

Thanking the good people of Crittenden and adjoining counties for their liberal patronage in days past, I hope by honest dealings and kind treatment to merit a continuance of the same. When in town don't fail to call and see the Old Man.

## A. M. HEARIN.

## BUY YOUR

## BOOTS & SHOES,

And Cents Furnishing Goods at

## HEADQUARTERS.

I have the largest stock, the best quality, and lowest prices. I use fine and coarse Boots and Shoes for your self or your wife, or your children, come and see my

## Superior Goods.

They will wear well. They are comfortable. They are cheap. I also keep a large line of GENTS' SHIRTS, COLLARS, CRAVATS, HATS, CAPS, GLOVES, ETC. Come and get my prices.

## H. T. FLANARY & SONS,

MARION, KY.

## TO THE PEOPLE OF CRITTENDEN and ADJOINING

## COUNTIES:

We are now prepared to insure your life or your property. What we mean by being prepared is that we have our licenses and have given bond to the Companies for the money you may pay to us, and every policy that we issue is backed by a capital of from \$2,000,000 to \$12,000,000. Please see us before placing your insurance. Office in R. C. Walker's Book Store.

## J. H. MORSE, Agent

MARION, KY.

## DO YOU WANT

A SAW MILL, AN ENGINE, A GRIST MILL, A THRASHER, A WIND MILL, A PUMP, A BAND MILL.

Or anything else in the way of machinery or machine fittings, pumps etc., etc., be sure to call first on

## L. S. LEFFEL & CO.,

Marion, Ky.

## A REAL LUXURY!

Looking out over the many homes of this country, we see thousands of women wearing away their lives in household drudgery that might be materially lessened by the use of a few cakes of SAPOLIO. If an hour is saved each time a cake is used, if one less wrinkle gathers upon the face because the toil is lightened, she must be a foolish woman who would hesitate to make the experiment, and he a churlish husband who would grudge the few cents which it costs.

If your grocer sends you anything in place of SAPOLIO, send it back and insist upon having just what you ordered. SAPOLIO always gives satisfaction. On floors, tables, and painted work it acts like a charm. For scouring pots, pans, and metals it has no equal. Everything shines after it, and even the children delight in using it in their attempts to help around the house.

grocers often substitute other goods for SAPOLIO to make a better profit. Send back such articles and insist on having just what you ordered.



## LOCAL BREVITIES

No diptheria.  
Where is the city council?  
Quarterly Court is in session.  
Marion's health is good, thank you.  
Come to town; there is no diptheria.

Born to the wife of J. F. Conger, Jan. 25th a girl.  
J. B. Kevil is getting things shaped up to build a residence.

Town tax, county tax, state tax, railroad tax, school tax, tax on O. O. my.

Mr. Levi Fitzer, of this place is running an engine at Marion, Ind.  
Geo. Boston is engaged as the carpenter in Bennett's furniture store.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Jas. C. Kirk and Miss Delia Pace.

The O. V. is doing a splendid business this month. There were two extra freight trains Sunday.

Mr. Boswell, of Henry county, delivered a lecture on Sunday Schools at the Presbyterian church Tuesday night.

Quite an enjoyable time was spent by the young folks last Saturday night at the residence of Mrs. Douglass.

Wm. Carrier is postmaster at Cullen in place of Dr. Preston, who has moved to Crittenden county.—Sturgis Enterprise.

J. P. Pierce spent two days in Louisville. A tobacco house of that city is endeavoring to secure the services of Mr. Pierce as a traveling solicitor.

Will Taylor, the victim of Charlie Debo's pistol, was on the streets Tuesday; slightly disfigured but still in the ring.

The boys at Midway, Friday night, Feb. 6th, debate the following: Resolved that Grant was a greater General than Washington. Everybody invited.

F. E. Robertson & Co. are increasing the "mashing" capacity of their distillery. Hereafter thirty instead of fifteen bushels will make a mash. The business of the firm is increasing.

A telegraph line is being constructed from the depot to the new bank building. The wires will be connected with the O. V. wires at the depot, and messages can be sent from the bank to all parts of the world.

Rev. J. W. Bigham preached to a large congregation at the Opera House Wednesday night. His is as popular as a preacher now as he was a politician and stump speaker in this county some twenty years ago.

Even carloads of railroad ties, and two of staves were shipped from the depot at this place last week. Agent Bawner has an order out for thirty five cars for the purpose of hauling ties from various points along the O. V.

So far as we have been able to learn the Alliance of Crittenden county has made no public utterances touching its position on the third party movement. Without any tip, we are inclined to believe that a majority of the members of that order are opposed to making the Union a political party.

Several weeks ago Charlie Clift's mule was bitten by a mad dog and on Wednesday about noon the mule began to act queer, and was at once placed in chains. The hydrophobia soon developed. He became furious, his eyes glaring, green, and had fits until this morning when it died in great agony.—Sturgis Enterprise.

Messrs. H. H. Loving and J. L. Morse have formed a copartnership for the purpose of conducting the insurance business. Each have been engaged in the business separately and now they will do business together. They represent some of the best companies in the world, in both fire and life insurance; and being clever, honest business men, they will continue to do a good business.

There was a couple in Marion Monday wanting to marry, and badly, too, but the fates were very properly against them. First they didn't have money enough to buy the license; a sympathizing lot of youngsters made up the money, but the erpel clerk refused to issue the papers, just because the would be bride had another husband somewhere. His name was Vaughn, ago an unknown quantity. They left town, she riding, and he leading the horse, discouraged but not without hope.

Clover Seed, timothy, red top, blue grass, or chard grass, have advanced 20 per cent. but you ought to see the stock that Schwab bought in December, before the advance, and will be sold at prices ruling before the advance.

We keep only the very best clover and grass seeds that money will buy—get our prices.

Pierce & Son.

## Seventy-Fourth Birthday.

On Sunday January 25th, 1891, Mr. M. G. Gilbert celebrated his 74th birthday; the occasion was an enjoyable one at his home three miles north of Marion. About forty of his relatives and friends spent the day with him, and a superb dinner was served. He entertained in the good old Kentucky style; surrounded by loving hearts and warm friends, the typical old Kentuckian spent a happy day, and made those who partook of his hospitality feel at home. Seventy-four years ago he was born near where he now lives; he grew up he "chewed out" himself a farm from the forests; on it he spent his early manhood, then the middle age, and now lives there in peace and plenty at a ripe old age enjoying the evening of life. He has raised a large family of children and they are now married and have children of their own, with those surrounding him, affording him his comforts and pleasures, he looks back over a well-spent life with no regrets, and looks to the future with that cheerfulness, born of hope.

## THE GREAT VIOLINIST.

Joseph Heine, at the Opera House Feb. 4 and 5.

Under the auspices of the Ladies Aid Society of the Presbyterian church, Joseph Heine, the blind violinist, will appear in grand concert with Miss Evelyn Heine, the Australian soprano and Mrs. Heine the eminent pianist, at the Opera House in Marion, Feb. 4th and 5th. Prof Heine is wonderfully gifted with musical talent and has met with a warm reception wherever he has appeared. The press everywhere accords the highest praise to him. The Salt Lake Evening News says:

"Prof Heine is simply a master of the violin. Under his touch the instrument laughs, shouts or weeps, according to his will. He can move his auditors with profound emotions, or excite their laughter by wonderful imitations of sounds in nature. There is a suggestion of mystery and a weirdness about his genius, as if from the dark world in which he is forced to pass his existence, he is able to draw melody of a quality which other artists cannot imitate."

Fatally Injured.  
Several months ago, Geo. Griffith, sixteen-year-old son of Mr. T. E. Griffith, who lives near the Springs, was thrown from a mule. In the fall his leg was injured. The wound was thought to be of a trivial nature at the time; it grew worse and the physicians were called in; they were for some time of the opinion that the injury was not serious. Last week Dr. A. Hodge, of Henderson, was called in consultation for the purpose of amputating the leg. After examination and consultation, it was decided that amputation would do no good and there is now no hope for the unfortunate boy's recovery.

The people here were somewhat surprised yesterday morning when the announcement was made public that the Riggs House had been sold. This is the only hotel in this place and has become very popular under the management of mine host, T. N. Cockrell, the past two years. The house belonged to Mrs. Rice, of Freedom, and was purchased by Mr. Wm. Green, of Livingston county. Mr. Green is a brother of Judge D. B. Green, the lawyerman of Kuttawa, and will be heartily welcomed by the people as a valuable addition to the population of our town. Consideration for building and grounds, \$5,000 cash.—Kuttawa Times.

Sayings and Doings of the People.  
We'll be into our new building next month.—Marion Bank.

Have you seen my button case?—L. J. Cameron.

I would be glad to have you enroll at the Academy, Feb. 2.—J. F. Price.

Have you seen our latest mineral specimens.—J. W. Blue, jr.

That, sir, is tip-top lead ore; this fine iron; that beauty is zinc.—G. C. Gray.

Highest prices in cash for produce.—M. Schwab.

If its a pump you want, and a hole to put it in, I'm your ladlie.—L. S. Lefell.

Taxes, them old taxes.—E. C. Flannery.

I must wind up, and can't wait any longer.—A. J. Pickens.

Let's get our church paid for.—S. K. Breeding.

Chippy, get your hair cut.—W. M. Morgan.

I want to swap for or buy somebody's grocery.—B. F. McMeen.

Its as pure as snow, and as harmless as a dove.—when handled right.—F. E. Robertson.

Nothing for you.—R. Goffield.

Take stock in the Building and Loan Association.—H. A. Lyones.

Here is a little draft on you.—Hani Loving.

Insure, insure.—John Morre.

## LABOR UNION.

The County Union on the Action of President Irwin.

A call meeting of the Farmers and Laborers Union was held at the courthouse Monday. The attendance was good, most of the subjects of the county being represented.

W. C. Tyner was appointed delegate to the district meeting at Mayfield, Thursday Jan. 29th to organize a district Union.

The following resolutions were offered and unanimously adopted: Whereas, S. B. Irwin, President of the Farmers and Laborers Union of the State of Kentucky and editor of our State organ has seen cause through his paper (The Kentucky State Union) to denounce unmeasured terms, the farmers' in establishing tobacco warehouses in Louisville and has advised the Farmers Labor Union to have nothing to do with it until it proves itself.

Resolved, that we condemn the action of President Irwin in the course he has taken, believing that his aim was to turn over our order to the tobacco combine.

Resolved, that we demand of the Executive Committee, that they take steps at once to remove S. B. Irwin from the position he now so unworthily fills, and that vice-President T. T. Gardner of Carlisle county be called upon to fill the functions of that office.

Resolved, that we heartily endorse the actions of the Tobacco Growers Association and pledge them our co-operation and support.

Resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be furnished the Farmers Home Journal, Marion Monitor and Crittenden Press with a request that they publish them.

J. L. Bagg, Pres.  
L. W. Crane, Sec'y.

## COURT DOINGS.

The Assessors Account Allowed.

J. M. McCaslin, county assessor, filed his account of \$36,114 for assessing, and the same was allowed. The five tax supervisors were allowed \$50 for services.

The supervisors filed the tax book for 1891 with the county clerk. J. W. Crawford allowed \$2.00 for medical services to Adams—prisoner in jail.

On motion of A. L. Cruce, J. F. Loyd was appointed deputy sheriff. F. J. Imboden was allowed \$10, on his claim for keeping paupers.

J. B. Lowery resigned the guardianship of D. H. Walker.

Deeds Recorded.

Mary C. Mayers to Geo. T. (Sub.) longer 20 acres for \$100.  
Thos. H. Paris to U. S. Paris 15 acres for \$100.  
W. E. Paris to Thos. H. Paris 20 acres for \$675.

J. R. Clifton to Sue W. Garrett lot for \$10.  
S. W. Garrett to C. H. Richards interest in lot for \$270.50.

Our Taxable Property.

The Supervisors have completed their work of overhauling the assessors, making only a few changes. The taxable property for the year 1891 amounts to \$2,389,243, and is more than any previous assessments. The assessor reports only 70 deaths and 168 births.

Cared of Thanks.

To those friends who rendered us so many kindnesses during the illness of our little boy, we desire to return our sincere thanks.

B. E. Martin.  
Dora Martin.

A SEVERE LICK.

Geo. Bakers Head and a Piece of Iron.

Sunday afternoon, at the mill south of town, Geo. Baker, colored, received a blow on the forehead that impaired his vision a season, and he is still unable to attend to business. A little dispute occurred between Baker and John Minch, a young white man. Baker applied an ugly epithet to Minch, and the latter picked up a bar of iron that was near by, and made a terrific blow at his antagonist; the iron struck Baker at the top of the forehead, peeled the skin off downward, until it hung flat fashion over his eyes, making an ugly as well as a severe wound, and knocking the man senseless for some seconds.

Have you been at Schwab's store lately? Go there. It's so pleasant you can hardly turn around; it reminds one of stepping in one of the largest wholesale houses in New York.

How is this?

Hays has just received direct a barrel of N. O. open kettle molasses. The finest that ever came to town. Come and see.

I will pay you more, in cash, for produce than any house that ever was in Marion and where to stay. Eggs full count, and balance of produce full weight.

M Schwab.

## PERSONALS.

J. W. Bue was in Princeton Monday.

Mr. F. N. Wilson is very sick with pneumonia.

W. C. Tyner went to Mayfield Wednesday Evening.

Mr. Alex Maxwell, of Caldwell was in town Monday.

Mr. E. L. Nunn, of Bell's Mines, was in town Friday.

Mr. J. J. Nunn, of Union county, was in town Friday.

John Wilson returned from Bowling Green last week.

Mrs. A. Schwab and sons returned from Louisville last week.

Mr. Jas Rankin, Weston's entering merchant, was in the city Monday.

Messrs. W and Henry Love, and Alex Jones went to Edinville Tuesday.

Miss Cora Williams has returned to town after a two weeks visit in the country.

R. W. Hill returned from Webster county Saturday. He taught school in that county.

Mr. R. H. Dean will start to Texas next week. He expects to locate in that State.

Mr. C. H. Noggle, of DeKoven, spent Sunday in the city, the guest of Dr. A. Burnley Weaver.

This Olham returned from Curdsville Tuesday, where he has been several days with his old friends.

Miss Mattie and Fannie Blue, Nellie and Mary Wilson and Mrs. Dell Wilson left for New Orleans Saturday.

Mr. A. F. Wolf, of Iron Hill, returned from Louisville last week, having spent five weeks there under treatment of Dr. Vandell.

Jesse Crawford has returned from Livingston county where he has been teaching. He is making arrangements to go to Lebanon, O., to the Normal school.

Mr. R. E. Haynes, of Weston, was in town Monday. In two hours and twenty minutes he walked from Weston to Marion, a distance of twelve good long miles.

Lois News.

Clem Glimpton and Miss Belle Hardin were married last week. We wish them a long and happy life.

The supervisors raised Livingston county's tax list thirty thousand dollars. The boys kicked like young males, but it did no good.

Prof Wright's school will close Saturday; he is preparing for a nice time. He taught us a good school.

Tom Robertson's gold watch was stolen from his residence. His gold chain and \$25-gold piece, chain went with it. Dick Chamption and P. J. Robertson represent this part of the county on the grand jury.

A new girl at Bree Lewis.

Horses are still dying with blind staggers.

Jas. Hall is unable to work on account of rheumatism.

J. A. Williamson has moved to B. S. Kennedy's farm.

Rev. Sidney Childress is thought to be improving.

There was a very pleasant musical entertainment at Mrs. Mitchell's Saturday night, also a cotton picking.

Effect of Grain on Cows at Pasture.

For two seasons there have been experiments conducted at the station of the Cornell University to determine the question of the effect of grain ration fed to cows while in pasture. Messrs. Roberts and Wing report on said experiments as follows: "In two trials in two seasons we have received no return in milk and butter from feeding a grain ration to cows on good pasture. In one trial with cows soiled on fresh green we have received increased milk and butter production and in saving of grass consumed largely enough to pay for the cost of the grain ration. In neither case has the consequence been made for increased yield of change when grain is fed, which would be considerable in amount, but difficult to estimate with exactness." The opinion is further expressed that several repetitions of this experiment will be needed before the matter can be considered conclusively settled.

## W. Bue has advanced, but having no money stock on hand.

I will sell you Granulated 134 for \$1.00; beautiful open kettle N. O 17 lbs. \$1.00.

M Schwab.

Damage Suit.

Headed in Ky., Jan. 23.—The damage suit of James A. Watson, executor, against the Ohio Valley railway, concluded to-day, the jury finding for the plaintiff and fixing the damages at \$6,250. Jas. Watson took passage on an Ohio Valley freight at Morganfield, intending to go to his home in Corydon. The engine was overturned and he was killed in the accident. His widow brought suit against the road for \$15,000.

I have just received the prettiest, and the largest stock of Queensware and Glassware that ever was in the town of Marion.

M. Schwab.

School opens Monday. It is a pleasure to bespeak a full attendance for the worthy and popular teachers in charge.

The diphtheria scare has subsided. The board of health has revoked its order prohibiting schools, churches meeting and public gatherings.

NOTICE.

To the Democratic County Committee.

The members of the Democratic county committee are hereby requested to meet in Marion on Saturday, Feb. 7, 1891, to transact some important business. The business demands the attendance of every member of the committee, and in any cannot possibly attend they are requested to send proxies.

J. W. RILEY, CHAIRMAN.

Louisville Tobacco Market.

Sales on our market for the week just closed amount to 3,150 Hhds with receipts for the same period of 1,988 Hhds, sales on our market since Jan. 1st, amount to 5,731 Hhds. Sales of the crop of 1890 on our market in this date amount to 4,243 Hhds.

The market for old tobacco is lively, with little room for change of description. The market grades continue low with an occasional improvement, which is generally too temporary to get into print. The better grades of old dark leaf are remarkably scarce, but this scarcity has not developed any material improvement. The offering of new dark tobacco continue very small, but prices for such are more satisfactory than for the old crop.

The following quotations represent our market for dark tobacco crop of 1889.

1889.

Dark Lugs extra quality 2.00 @ 4.00  
Good " 2.50 @ 3.50  
Common Leaf 3.50 @ 5.00  
Medium " 4.00 @ 6.50  
Good " 4.50 @ 8.50  
Fine " 8.00 @ 12.00

I have 200 bushels of oats for sale at Market price, they are high but will sell them at Market price.

M Schwab.

Try that Colery Salt at Hays' It answers for celery.

Just look at the good things that Hays has to sell. Come and see. Prepared Mustard, Celery Salt, De-Cocoanized Nudene Flakes, Hominy Flakes, Mince Meats and Irish Potatoes and 1004 other articles. Come and see. Whenever you see an advertisement stating that you know that you have saved 25 per cent by trading with him or any other man you just know its a lie and go buy your groceries of Hays who will not be under sold by any one, but sells more goods for \$1.00 than any man in the county. Come and see good, clean fresh goods, low prices and courteous treatment is our motto. Come and see.

Chief Gall, who succeeds Sitting Bull as head of the Sioux Nation, led the Indians in the battle that brought death and death to Custer. He is not only fond of fighting, but is capable of handling a body of Indians successfully when in the field, and has frequently exhibited the qualities of generalship. He is, moreover, an Indian of some honesty.

1890 is Gone.

But that Old Gray Headed account of yours is yet with us. Now Please don't think, for a moment, that because of it having been with us so long that we have become so much endeared to it that "a parting would give us pain." For while we have the most profound respect for its advanced years and highly appreciate the "bald dog tenacity," with which it has clung to us through out past ages. We must now insist on a speedy separation. Our business demands money. If you owe us please call at once and settle. As all accounts must be prior to Jan. 1st must be closed.

Yours Truly,  
Pierce & Son.

Hoghead Staves Wanted.

I want a lot of hoghead staves, either sawed or rived.

A. H. Cardin.

Brand for sale in large or small quantities at Schwab's.

# A NEW MERCHANT A Word With you about Trade.

I have a large, well assorted, and cheaply purchased stock of General Merchandise, viz: Dry Goods, Notions, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Furniture, Groceries, etc., and I will sell at the very closest living margin. I will treat you fairly, sell you goods at the bottom prices, and will appreciate your trade. When in need of any article, goods, get my prices.

Respectfully Yours,  
J. H. Rutter, Salem, Ky.

American brewers, headed by Adolphus Busch, of St. Louis, have organized an opposition company to the British syndicate in San Francisco.

Worth Reading.

House for rent, see Schwab.

Gold filings \$1 and upward at Dr. Weaver's.

Seeds a specialty at Crider & Co., Tolu, Ky.

Best brown domestic 54 and 64 at Mrs. Wolff's.

King Harbert, of Italy, is forty-two years old.

February Delinor for sale at Walker's book store.

Governor Russell, of Massachusetts, is just thirty-four years of age.

The daily Courier-Journal for sale at Walker's book store.

Queen Victoria has contributed \$1000 to the Irish relief fund.

A complete Bule for 35ets at Walker's book store.

Senator Sherman is six feet three inches tall.

Picture books and story books for the children at Walker's book store.

There are 1090 men employed in the Portsmouth (N. H.) Navy Yard.

Dr. Weaver makes and guarantees a full upper and lower set of teeth for \$15.

It is proposed to introduce colored labor in the fruit districts of California.

Subscription for all the newspapers and magazines received at Walker's book store.

The Granite-Cutters' National Union has a membership of more than 20,000.

Crider & Co., have first class clover and grass seeds.

There are about five thousand women employed in the departments at Washington.

Go to Crider & Co., and see their stock of seeds before you buy.

Mrs. Francis Hodgson Burnett has made \$500,000 by her literary work.

See Crider & Co., stock of hard ware before you buy this spring.

Emin Pacha is to be Governor of the western portion of Germany East Africa.

It will pay you to buy the best seeds. You will find them at Crider & Co., Tolu Ky.

Freeman is making special prices on ladies' watches. He has a big line of elegant watches, and remember they are very, very cheap.

The Empress of Japan is a scholarly woman, who has done much to further the social revolution of the last twenty-five years.

With every five dollars worth of goods bought, I will give away a nice present.

Mrs. A. Wolff.

Russell Sage, the largest individual loaner of money in New York perhaps, is said to have a rule never to loan more than \$500,000 on any given day.

Silverware in great abundance, all kinds at prices, all styles at Freeman's; and remember that it is cheaper than ever before.

Senator Teller, of Colorado, is a short slight man, with a long face, gray hair and gray beard. In public he has an appearance of settled melancholy.

The best quality of Plantation Sugar House molasses, direct from New Orleans, for sale at J. N. Woods'. Try them.

Senator Joseph M. Carey, of the State of Wyoming, who has just taken his seat in the Upper House, is physically the largest man in the State.

"C. C. C. Certain Chill Cure," the most pleasant to take of all fever and ague remedies. Warranted to cure chills and fever. Sold by Hillyard & Woods.

Even Indiana says no Force bill or no World's Fair. Let the grand work go on.

I want, in potatoes. Will pay cash for them.

M. Schwab.

House to rent, apply to R. C. Walker.

There were 50,500 bondholders of farm mortgages in Kansas during the past

